





**The Bee**

PAUL M. MOORE, Editor and Manager.

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(Incorporated.)

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Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars.

**THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1897.**

**THE EARLINGTON BEE**

**CALENDAR**

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**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY.

**GRASSHAM**—We are authorized to announce C. C. Grassham, of Livingston County, as a Democratic candidate for the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, of the Fourth Judicial District, subject to the action of the voters at the coming November election.

**Our Prohibition Law.**

We have interviewed eminent legal authority upon the question of the prohibition law now in force in Earlinton and other portions of Hopkins county, and the probable effect, if any, upon this law and its provisions, of the decision of Judge Hazelrigg, about which decision there has been so much said in newspapers within the past week.

It is the opinion of these able lawyers that our law is not affected but remains in force and that the only provision of said law that may be affected by the decision of Judge Hazelrigg is that which gives jurisdiction in the case to justices of the peace. In fact the case that was tried in the Court of Appeals was not the validity of the local option law, but the jurisdiction of magistrates over violations of that law. Under the new constitution the jurisdiction of magistrates is made uniform throughout the State and may not extend to cases where the fine exceeds one hundred dollars. The penalty under the law exceeded this amount in the case that was carried to the Court of Appeals, and the Court held that the magistrates did not have jurisdiction. Even upon this point there is a difference of opinion.

It seems an assured fact that the prohibition law in Hopkins county is valid and in force, and the citizens and officials of the district which this law covers declare that it shall continue to be enforced with the same vigor which has characterized its history thus far.

**The Strike Situation.**

In the Hazelton, Pa., region where the fatal clash occurred between miners and sheriff's deputies, most of the miners are idle. Three thousand Pennsylvania National Guardsmen are there under command of Brigadier General Snowden to preserve order. In the Pittsburgh district many mines have resumed and others are starting up daily. The miners are rapidly returning to work at the sixty-five cent rate. In the Jellico region some evictions have been made and the miners realize that they will either have to go to work or leave the district.

Ohio and Indiana miners are returning to work. A state convention of miners of Illinois has been called to meet at Springfield, Sept. 20th, and nothing will be done in that state until after the convention.

The strike may be considered practically ended and all idle miners will gradually resume work throughout the country or seek other occupations.

**An Honest Confession.**

The Bourbon "News," a stalwart Democratic newspaper, advises its free silver brethren to make a free confession and ease their consciences. It says:

Our silver friends insist that the increase in price of wheat is due to short crops in foreign countries. Are the foreigners also short on cattle, sheep, mules, cotton, corn, oats, tobacco, etc., which are all bringing better prices than they did last year. Better admit that times are improving. Boys, let your consciences feel better.

**GREENVILLE** will have a graded school. On Saturday, September 4th, the citizens of that town voted a school tax by a majority of sixty-one.

**REPUBLICAN TICKET.**

**VOTED.**

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals, JAMES G. BAILEY.

For Circuit Judge, Fourth Judicial District, CLIFTON J. PRATT.

For Commonwealth's Attorney, Fourth Judicial District, CHAS. C. GRASSHAM.

For State Senator, Sixth Senatorial District, J. H. LUNSFORD.

For County Clerk, R. R. GRAHAM.

For County Attorney, WILLIAM BEARD.

For Sheriff, GEO. R. LYNN.

For Surveyor, DABNEY BISHOP.

For Coroner, H. H. HILL.

**NOT VOTED.**

First District—For Magistrate, James H. Fox; for Constable, W. W. Littlefield.

Second District—For Magistrate, O. J. Farnsworth; for Constable, James Watts.

Fifth District—For Magistrate, H. F. Porter; for Constable, John Williams.

Sixth District—For Magistrate, Wm. M. Rice; for Constable, John Williams.

Seventh District—For Magistrate, H. F. Boardland; for Constable, John Williams.

PRICES of mules have advanced sharply in the blue grass region and stock raisers are realizing good profits on their sales. The market is unusually active.

THE Kentucky State Board of Health has taken precautions against the introduction of yellow fever into Louisville. The railroads are watched for a hundred miles south of Louisville.

FARMERS are getting good prices for everything they produce. A Webster county farmer even said the other day that they were getting too much for some things.

If there is as much difference in the ability of Pratt and Nunn as lawyers and judges, as there is as dignified, forcible speakers, the people would do themselves a very great injury by changing.—Smithland Gold Standard.

SOME Georgia lawyers are discussing the question as to whether Chattanooga is really in Tennessee. They will investigate and see if a correct survey of boundaries will not bring that important city within the confines of Georgia.

THE spectacle of a sheriff and special guard, detailed to preserve a toll-gate in Kentucky, being captured by a band of raiders and marched off a safe distance while the gate is demolished, is interesting—for Kentucky. Time for a new election in that county.

"BECAUSE it is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is due mainly to its system of protective laws, I urge that Germany has now reached the point where it is now necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States."—Bismarck.

HAWAII, if annexed, will not be the first island owned by the United States. There are numerous others, some quite important, now owned by this country. We reproduce to-day an interesting article on this subject, taken from the Washington Post. Read it.

EDITOR GAINES, of the Elkton Progress publishes a suggestion that might fit elsewhere. He says: There are several hundred of our subscribers who have been so busy lately selling their dollar wheat that they haven't had time to call in and see us. Editors don't need any money, of course, but they like to post up their books occasionally, to see how they look. See?

The new American tariff law has thrown thousands of workmen in Germany into idleness.—Courier-Journal.

This isn't bad, coming as it does from that staunch free-trade journal. The Dingley tariff was intended to benefit the American workmen and not those of Germany or any other foreign country.

FARMERS in Hopkins and Webster counties are beginning to cut their tobacco on account of the drouth, notwithstanding which, the yield of the weed, both in quantity and quality seems very fair. With the prospect of continued high prices for the crop, the farmer feels pretty comfortable.

"THE benefit of protection goes first and last to the men who earn their bread in the sweat of their faces. The auspicious and momentous result is that never before in the history of the world has comfort been enjoyed, education acquired, and independence secured by so large a majority of the total population as in the United States of America."—James G. Blaine.

THERE is a brave lot of soldier boys in Illinois, who, though never in an active engagement, seem to be candidates, all, for an engagement. These chivalrous young soldiers have just shed their blood, and a portion of their cuticle, coolly, one after another, to save the life

**Help**

Is needed by poor, tired mothers, overworked and burdened with care, debilitated and run down because of poor, thin and impoverished blood. Help is needed by the nervous sufferer, the men and women tortured with rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, scrofula, catarrh. Help

**Comes Quickly**

When Hood's Sarsaparilla begins to enrich, purify and vitalize the blood, and sends it in a healing, nourishing, invigorating stream to the nerves, muscles and organs of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the weak and broken down system, and cures all blood diseases, because

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**Hood's Pills** are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

tors of that deal has fallen by the way side, and his prospects for political preferment blighted, and some three or four others are now fusion candidates for various offices in this county; but as they made a deal and traded certain offices off to the populists without asking the people, we think the voters of this county who are in favor of fair play will make the re-elections for county officers this coming November without consulting the bosses or even ratifying their deal.

After a long silence, Shelton's correspondent, "D. J." rallies and comes to the front again, not with any argument in favor of free silver 16 to 1, and without even denying that good times and good prices are here, but with a low muttering about me having voted the Populist tickets a few years ago. Now it is very clear why he does not say anything in favor of the favorite hobby of free silver, because the theory is dead and delivered, it is a lost cause; it cannot survive the present rush of prosperity.

The principal theory was that prices were low because there was a lack of money and this shortage of money was caused by the "crime of '73." Now prices of many things have doubled and all have advanced, and the "crime of '73" has not been corrected. It was said last year that when a man became affected with the free silver disease, he could only see in one direction. Now "D. J." has symptoms of the disease yet because he makes a fling at me for having once voted the Populist ticket, and am now for the gold standard.

Why "D. J." don't you remember about 15 months ago, you were in Dixon, yes on the Hardwick corner, advocating the gold standard, and defending John G. Carlisle. Think of it, a man who less than 15 months ago, one who had read the history of faithism and was able to give good reason why he was for sound money, now talking about "crime of '73," Wall Street, Lombard street, money power, plutocrats etc.

When "D. J.'s" free silver fever cools a little more I think he will recover, as he is too well read in the history of our country to make a good Populist. Doubtless he is familiar with the early history of R. J., but it has slipped his memory; when his fever has cooled down thoroughly, and he begins to recognize some of his friends, he will then recollect the history of the silver legislation, and how disastrous faithism has always been to every country that has tried it and will again be advocating sound money. Now "D. J." for your sake alone, I will say that in the winter of 1892 I studied the money question for the first time and made up my mind as to what stand on that issue I would take, and when I took it I knew that there was a large majority for free silver in our county. I do not claim to be a graduate yet (though I've read the whole silver cause, "Coin's Financial School" and several issues of the Cincinnati Enquirer.) I am thoroughly satisfied that free and unlimited coinage at a fictitious ratio will destroy bimetalism.

"D. J." fate is against your theory, it won't do, come back to the solid rock, of sound money. We will extend to you the right hand of fellowship, whether you join our church or not. D. B.

**BLACKFORD.**

R. S. Herin went to Shiloh Saturday. Somebody is going to get married soon. H. B. Canady went to Marion Saturday. H. F. Parker was in Evansville last week.

J. A. Garrett, of Providence, was in town Saturday.

Rev. B. F. McMickim, of Marion, was in town Saturday.

Miss Mary Lowry, of Sullivan, is attending school here.

J. H. Morgan went to Clay Sunday to his regular appointment.

Owen Helm and Ad Bone, of Madisonville, were in town last week.

Law Meriman and wife, of Sullivan, visited relatives in our town Sunday.

J. R. Head, one of our merchants, is in St. Louis this week buying his fall goods.

J. L. Reynolds, of Creswell, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in our town.

Rev. Pickier, of the Baptist faith, is preaching a series of sermons at this place this week.

George E. Hearin, our clever old bachelor, is in Missouri looking for a location and also looking for a wife.

W. B. Crutcher, of Caldwell county, has purchased the Jones stable and is now doing a thriving livery business.

After playing the part of a tardy correspondent for some weeks we will come again with renewed energy and a full supply of "confidence."

The weather is so dry and the dust is so prevalent that the popocratic orators have abandoned their work and when politics is mentioned they begin talking dry weather and other such things.

We are glad to say of a certainty that prosperity has once more sailed out on her white pinions and taken the people of this country under her balmy wings to shield and protect through future time. We are glad that the farmers of this country are getting good prices for their produce and that the busy hum of industry is to be heard blending its sweet music in the air; and that the hearts of happy American people are gladdened by the advent of returning prosperity, which took its flight from us about four years ago, or, in other

**REPUBLICAN TICKET.**

**Webster County.**

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals, JAS. G. BAILEY.

Of Magoffin County, For Representative, CHARLES R. EDWARDS.

For County Judge, J. V. POOLE.

For County Clerk, T. T. MORRIS.

For County Attorney, DAVID BROWNING.

For Circuit Clerk, W. F. TRUSTY.

For Superintendent of Schools, MISS LIZZIE HERRON.

For Assessor, G. H. BRYANT.

For Jailor, J. J. CURRY.

For Magistrate in Dixon District, J. N. BAKER.

For Constable in Dixon District, S. D. EDWARDS.

For Magistrate in Slaughterhouse District, J. T. FRASER.

For Magistrate in Clay District, WILLIAM MUIR.

For Constable, HUB EDMONSON.

words, took its flight when incompetent democracy took charge of the reins of our government. But alas! poor Popocrats, your day is over, your time is past and your doom is sealed; your party of which you so proudly boasted has struck the rock of Republican "confidence" which wrecked your ship and sealed your destiny for all time to come; but you have no one to blame but yourselves, for it was you that hit her the hardest blow, it was you that when intrusted with official reins of this government, showed your incompetence to manage it, and now with prosperity in full bloom in our grand old commonwealth and the official reins of our government in the hands of the C. O. P., we can have nothing but unpeakable bliss.

**LONGFELLOW.**

Arthur James worshipped here Sunday. Miss Burah Land has been visiting her sister at Clay.

Blackford has a lawyer, and sin will not dare to enter there.

Rev. Chas. Gooch filled his appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

The boys are busily engaged in the telephone business at present.

George is sick and would like to die but that don't make Miss Lizzie cry.

Hot and dusty, but our new street sprinkler will be out this afternoon.

For further information concerning the telephone apply R. B. Morgan and C. E. Dye.

J. R. Head has gone to St. Louis to buy more goods. He says it's demand and supply.

One man of our town is still sitting on a goods box and says Prosperity has not reached him yet.

School is prosperous and is likely to remain so, with Prof. D. M. Dadds and C. P. Simpson as teachers.

Judge L. B. Good-bye, J. V. has come along, he will serve us much better, but I hope not so long.

A problem for Free Silverites: When a man has nothing to sell, and won't work, how can we get prosperity to him?

Friends don't wear your shoe soles off going from one part of town to another, but just telephone, it only costs you one cent.

Where are the Popocratic candidates? Are they ashamed to come out? Perhaps they have given up Blackford to the good Republicans. We'll guess they have.

H. F. Parker has just returned from Evansville from whence he went to buy high tariff goods. It's all off when they get here. How is that, does he give us the tariff off?

John Nesbit, the good old prophet is still rejoicing over the prosperity—and says he can hear the Free Silverites cry "catch that wheat, hogs, cattle and tobacco, it's getting awful high."

The Republican candidates frequently visit us with broad smiles on their faces. Why should they not have pleasant smiles, when good old honest Democrats meet them with an outstretched hand and say God bless you, you Republicans have brought my children bread and meat. I am with you even to the end.

**SLAUGHTERSVILLE.**

Steret Haynes, of Morganfield, is still insuring property in and around this place.

Some say we will have whiskey sold here by licensed saloons after September 20th.

Rev. J. L. Tait preached his first sermon at the Baptist church Sunday night.

R. L. Martin and J. W. Jones, of the

**Depression of Spirits**

so common in summer-time, accompanied by loss of energy, lack of thought-power, means a deficient supply of nourishment. The vital force is lost. It isn't a question of muscle and sinew, but of resistance and endurance. At any age, but especially in youth, it involves the risk of lung disease. Loss of flesh and a cough are threatening signs.

**Scott's Emulsion**

of Cod-liver Oil, with the hypophosphites, meets these cases perfectly. It tones up, fattens and strengthens.

In Scott's Emulsion the taste of the oil is fully disguised, making it almost as palatable as milk.

Sole sale at 50c and \$1.00 by all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Ltd., Chemists, New York.

firm of Martin & Jones, are in the eastern markets this week buying their fall and winter stock.

Forest Porter, Populist and Democratic nominee for county clerk, was in the city Monday.

Wm. Hardwick and Wm. Drury, both of Dixon, passed through the city Monday en route to the Nashville Centennial.

C. S. Presley and Miss Cassie Smith attended the Baptist Association at Providence last week. They report a pleasant trip.

W. R. Parker is having a well dug near his residence for watering stock.

E. G. McLeod, of Madisonville, was in the city Monday.

Several at this place will attend the Louisville Conference of the M. E. church, South, at Henderson, which convenes the 23rd.

**LISMAN.**

Dust! Dust!! Dust!!!

Mr. Broc Price and family, of Nebo, visited here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. W. B. Price and family, of Sturgis, visited Dr. E. N. Rice, Sunday.

Mr. Bud Price, who has been confined to his bed for some time with typhoid fever, is improving slowly.

The farmers are forced to cut their tobacco on account of the dry weather.

Prof. E. G. Thompson opened school here Monday in place of Mt. Moriah.

Prof. Thompson is a fine instructor, and every parent should send their children to school.

Doubtless we will have a new officer in our little town right soon.

"McKinley prosperity," "Gold Standard," "Three cent eggs," and "1913." You seldom ever hear the above expressions used now a days, while there has formerly been more said about them in Webster county than was said about the Queen's jubilee. You hear such sentences as these: "Poor laboring man, wheat is so high he can't eat any more biscuit." "Isn't it astonishing how the 'blamed fools' have got wheat so high? It won't last long."

"Mark Hanna" who fled to the unknown some time since, showed up again Sunday.

Dr. E. N. Rice and wife returned last Tuesday from Nashville, where they have been spending a few days in sight seeing.

Have you heard it? If you haven't, you will—the now argument about the advance of tobacco. The "Dummies" are all up-to-date, and well posted. They say the western farmers are using a great deal of the "weed" in making a sheep wash. Therefore there will be a great demand for tobacco.

Hasn't one of the Herald correspondents been stung by THE BEE recently? Success to THE BEE. SILEX.

**POOLE.**

News scarce.

Every body is busy with their tobacco.

The Christian brethren have closed a two weeks' meeting at this place with five sessions being held.

The General Baptists, under the direction of Elders Bumpass and A. B. Stone, have quite a successful revival at Tilden.

Prof. Tramon commenced his school the 13th inst., with a good enrollment.

Mr. Elijah Melton will start to western North Carolina the last of this week for the benefit of his health. He will be accompanied by his wife and child.

Parson Stone will commence a well this morning.

J. C. Allen will build a dwelling in town this fall, and J. S. Gentry will build one just out of the corporate limits. Come on, gentlemen, we will give you a hearty welcome.

Morris Allen is now with J. S. Lisman, smiling sweetly across the counter, and hands out the mail to the pretty girls.

Candidates will speak here on the 30th inst. The dear fellows will be so clever then.

**YUONIAN CHILL TONIC.**

The great reliable and popular tonic, anti-periodic and febrifuge. It breaks the chill and prevents its return, strengthening the patient and gives healthy tone and vigor without regard to diet. Pleasant to take. Price 50c. Warranted at drug store.

**HANSON.**

Miss Virgie Sutton, of the Ashbysburg country, visited in Hanson last week.

J. W. Staton made a business trip to Evansville last week.

Miss Willie Parish, of Madisonville, who has been visiting here for a few days, returned home Monday.

A runaway team made things lively for several minutes a few days since on one of our streets. No damage was done, however, except to break a coupling pole of the wagon and slightly injure one of the horses. The wagon and team belonged to Austin Crabtree.

The Epworth League entertainment last Friday night at the Methodist church was well attended and was enjoyed by those present.

Mr. Hallums, of Springfield, Tenn., was here Monday.

Miss Minnie Slaton, who has been in delicate health for some time, has gone to Bailey Springs, Florence, Ala., to spend the fall and winter. She was accompanied by Miss May Sawyers, of Slaughterhouse, who will visit relatives at that place.

Jao, Ray, of New Mexico, a deputy United States Marshal is visiting relatives and friends in Hopkins and McLean counties. Mr. Ray was here two years ago and since that time has lost an arm in a battle with a set of bandits.

Prof. E. McCulley and T. M. Gooch, the former editors of The Exchange, have severed their connection with the above paper leaving Lee Jackson editor and publisher.

Rev. W. C. Wilson and family, of Millburn, Ky., are visiting relatives here.

The public school opened here with an enrollment of 125 students. With one of the best schoolhouses in Western Kentucky and one of the best principals in the State, we will have as good a school as can be found in this part of the country.

Hanson has already about a score of deep wells and the drill men are still at work in our midst. An abundance of pure water, especially through long drouths, is bound to contribute to the health of any town.

W. H. Weir and wife, Miss Minnie Coffman and Wallace Weir are in Nashville attending the Exposition this week.

Mrs. Adolphus Radd, of Morganfield, is visiting her father, L. A. Pritchett, near this place.

Henry Ashby is still at work on that coal house he began about the first of August and if nothing prevents he will finish the job about October 1st.

**LOCOMOTIVE BLASTS.**

The Louisville and Nashville railroad has given an order to the United States Car Company, at Anniston, Ala., for 500 box cars. The cost will aggregate about \$250,000. This order will have the effect of giving employment to 700 men at the shops.

The Louisville and Nashville railroad has perfected arrangements for the ensuing season to operate a regular line of steamers from Pensacola to Bremen, to be known as the "Pensacola-Bremen Steamship Line." The first steamer in the line will be the steamship Acanthus, which will be ready for loading at Pensacola in the first half of October. The Louisville and Nashville expects to have two or more sailings a month during the remainder of the season. The line is in a position to furnish ocean room for all freight offerings to Bremen.

The freight earnings of the Louisville and Nashville railroad for the first week in September show an excellent increase. The passenger earnings also continue to show increases, but it is the increase in the freight earnings that is the best sign of the times. The freight earnings for the first week in September this year were \$290,630 as compared with \$279,940 in 1896 and \$266,015 in 1895. The total earnings was \$420,400 as compared with \$394,380 in 1896 and \$376,405 in 1895.

The Richmond (Va.) Times, tracing the activity in railroad stocks to the increased earnings, based upon the movement of crops from the West and South says: "One of the most significant facts in this connection is the report that 100,000 more men are employed by the railroads in this country at present than were employed a year ago. It is well known no labor is better paid than railroad work, and an addition of 100,000 men to the pay-roll means 5,000,000 dollars paid for labor. This money, of course, finds its way into the channels of trade and helps to make business that much better." Revival of steady business for the railroads means a great deal more than the enlivening of business through the expenditure of the earnings of a greater number of employes. It means the betterment of roadway and rolling stock, the completion of much-needed extensions, and consequently renewed activity in many manufacturing and construction lines, and an encouragement to the development of agricultural, forest and mineral resources. Railroads are not set only a fair index of conditions in a country, but they aid in the creation of conditions.

**Hanson School.**

Hanson is "in it," educationally. The best house in the county is being erected. A strong faculty, headed by Prof. E. McCulley, is in charge. The courses of study are not excelled by the average college or normal. You can be suited in studies. Tuition only \$2 per month. Board \$8 to \$9. For elegant catalogues, address E. McCulley, A. M., Principal, Hanson, Ky.

Fire at Clinton, Ky., destroyed the Christian church, the post-office, the Emerson Hotel and several stores.

**WHAT TO DO.**

There is a comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding urine in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effects of Swamp-root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its most wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention The Bee and send your full postoffice address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Subscribe for THE BEE.

**MUST KEEP BUSY**

And in order to do so we are making genuine Hard Time Prices on all classes of Merchandise. Money buys everything we handle at WAY DOWN PRICES. Fortunately for us, as well as our patrons, we never go to market without the very powerful cash. We know we buy

**Dry Goods, Shoes, Notions, Gent's and Ladies' Underwear and Hosiery, Gent's White and Colored Shirts, HATS AND CLOTHING**

At the Bottom Cash Prices and our Customers reap the benefit. Plant your dollar where you can get the largest returns. Ours is the place.

**BISHOP & Co.,**


MADISONVILLE, KY.

YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU WANT IT.

**THE DIFFERENCE**

in the Quality and the amount of light produced by an old fashioned TALLOW DIP and an INCANDESCENT BULB is not more marked than is the difference in appearance, in style and quality of the Wearing Apparel made by

**M. BORN & Co.,**

THE GREAT CHICAGO MERCHANT TAILORS, and the work of the mass of Tailors. 

The Suits and Overcoats of the former are fine productions of Tailoring Art. We guarantee to fit and please you and save you money. 200 CHOICE NEW PATTERNS to select from.

**AT ST. BERNARD GENERAL STORE.**

**WE HAVE SPARED NO EXPENSE**

To make our Funeral Equipment the best in this part of the State. Anything and everything you want in livery.

**PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST.**

**HEARSE.**

**BARNETT & ARNOLD.**



# The Bee

"By Industry we Thrive."

## LOCAL NEWS.

Frank D. Nash will leave in a short while for Boston, where he goes to enter for a three years' course at college.

Mr. L. H. O'Brien took his son, Douglas, to Mobile, Ala., last week, where he entered him at school for the winter.

Miss Susan Atkinson leaves this week for Swathmore, Penn., where she will attend Swathmore College, an institution of the Society of Friends.

J. T. Alexander and Mrs. Ella O'Connor have just returned from Cincinnati where they have been buying a supply of dry goods, etc., for fall and winter trade. Alexander's stock will be more complete than ever.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed F. Robinson, of Sullivan, Ind., visited Mr. Robinson's mother and other relatives here last week and this. Ed was half sick, but could not be kept from his work and hurried back home Tuesday.

A fine well of sulphur water is reported to have been discovered at Barnsley. It is situated where it will do the most good—at the school house and church. It is said to be good vein and strong with the mineral. Just now it is kept locked except while school is in session and on Sundays at church times. The Barnsley people expect to put in a pump so that the well may be accessible at any time.

### Gone to Market.

Mr. Woodson Browning and Miss Sallie Browning are in St. Louis buying a complete line of fall and winter goods for Bishop & Co., which will be up to the old time, excellent standard of that leading Madisonville dry goods house. Wait and see their purchases.

### A Small Burglary.

Monday night another small seized burglary occurred at the store of Jno. M. Victory & Co. A broken glass in the front window of the grocery was taken out and the burglar entered there. Nothing was taken except a small amount of change, perhaps 75 cents, which had been left in the cash drawer. The thief seemed only to want a little cash, and he got it. There is no clue to the identity of the burglar.

### Died From Burns.

The horrible fate of the youngest child of Mrs. McCormick of this place, has excited the deepest sympathy of all who know the story. The little one, about three years old, one day last week was severely burned about the body while in the kitchen where his mother had been kindling a fire. Death ended the child's sufferings Sunday afternoon. It was the youngest of three children.

### A Correction.

In reporting the Republican county nominating convention, The Bee said that Mr. M. McCord, among others, seconded the nomination of Mr. Jas. B. Ross for county clerk. Mr. McCord says this is a mistake and we take pleasure in correcting the error. There were several on their feet at the time Mr. Ross' nomination was seconded and The Bee thought Mr. McCord was among them.

### Burned With Acid.

The child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Vanasen, Jr., met with an accident the other day that might have proved fatal. The little one was playing with a bottle which Mrs. Vanasen thought had been washed and was empty. There was, however, carbolic acid in the bottle. Fortunately, the baby did not get the acid in its mouth, but it was spilled on the child's dress and burned its way through to the skin.

### Courtesy.

President McKinley and his Secretary Mr. John Addison Porter are notoriously courteous. The private secretary finds time even to answer, most courteously, communications about names for new babies.

### Here is a sample:

Executive Mansion, Washington, Sept. 17, 1897.  
DEAR SIR:—Writing in behalf of the President I beg to thank you for the compliment you have paid him in the choice of a name for your little boy.  
Very truly yours,  
JOHN ADDISON PORTER,  
Secretary to the President.

Dr. Bells Peppermint Chili Tonic is a perfect liver laxative—anti-bilious and blood purifier. Removes biliousness without purging. Cures chills and makes the complexion good. Guaranteed by all dealers.

## RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Rev. James Vernon, who has been pastor of the Christian church at Henderson for some years, has accepted a call to the church at Independence, Mo., and will preach his first sermon at Independence on Sunday, Oct. 3.

At a recent meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society of this place, a collection was taken to assist the Barnsley Union Sunday School in the way of literature. The collection amounted to \$4.21, and was turned over to Mr. Chas. McFadden who was present and represented the Barnsley school. On Sunday morning the Barnsley Sunday School, by a rising vote of thanks, expressed their appreciation of the assistance given them, and a record of the vote was ordered spread upon the minutes. They are now well equipped for their work with proper literature.

As announced at his regular service Sunday evening, Rev. R. V. Omer, pastor of the Christian church at this place, is conducting a protracted meeting at Barnsley this week. Good attendance and apparent interest is reported.

Rev. J. F. Story, assisted by Rev. H. C. Ford will begin a protracted meeting at Grapevine church, beginning next Monday night.

### Feeling Much Better.

"For several years I have been troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, and often suffered intense pain. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon after I began taking it I found it was giving me relief. My general health is much better since I began the use of this medicine."

JANE PECK, Rutledge, Tennessee.

### Lunsford Formally Nominated.

The Republican Senatorial district convention met at Madisonville, Monday, as announced last week in The Bee, and formally nominated the Hon. J. H. Lunsford for State Senator from the Sixth Senatorial district, composed of the counties of Hopkins and Christian.

Mr. W. F. Burr was chairman of the convention. There was no other nomination than that of Mr. Lunsford, and the total vote of the district was cast for the Hopkins county man, making his nomination unanimous.

### Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading drug list of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at St. Bernard Drug Store.

Our city assessor began work yesterday. Miss Nannie Stokes, as announced last week, is assessor this year. The appointment of a young lady as assessor was an innovation, and her beginning the work on the first day of the term fixed by law in which to make the assessments is said to be another innovation.

### Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the lungs, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, indigestion, constipation, dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and \$1.00 per bottle at St. Bernard Drug Store.

The fatigue felt after exertion is now usually attributed to the presence in the muscles and blood of the chemical products that result from action.

### Everybody Says So.

Cacaretta Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleases the taste, cleanses the blood, and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispelling cure headache, fever, indigestion, constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. Candy Cathartic, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

One hundred pounds of flour will yield over 130 pounds of bread.

Improve your eyes—get rid of that rough grinding feeling of the lids and clear your sight by applying Sutherland's Eagle Eye Eye Salve. Thousands of people who never had sore eyes use it to clear the sight and strengthen the eyes.

The first successful flour mill was erected in London in 1764.

### Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For Sale by St. Bernard Drug Store.

Coal mines in the Pittsburgh district are opening up rapidly.

### A Cure For Bilious Colic.

RESOURCE, SCREEN CO., GA.—I have been subject to attacks of bilious colic for several years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the only cure I find. It acts like a charm. One dose of it gives relief when all other remedies fail. G. D. SHARP, Jr., sold by St. Bernard Drug Store, Eastlington, Georgia. King, Charles; Ben T. Robinson, Mortons Gap.

## L. & N. DAY.

### Arrangement for the Pleasure of L. & N. Employees at the Tennessee Centennial.

### NEXT SATURDAY THE DAY.

Three Sections of the Excursion Train—Twelve or Fourteen Hundred Men in Line.

Next Saturday, September 18th, is the day for the big excursion of employees of the Henderson and St. Louis divisions of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

The special train will be run in three sections. The first section will leave Howell at 3:45 Saturday morning, the second section at 3:55 and the third section at 4:05. The running time between Howell and Eastlington will be something like one hour and thirty minutes, so that the last section will arrive at Eastlington about 5:40. It is understood that the Eastlington contingent will go on the last section, which gives them all the time possible to get their breakfast and make the train.

The trains will arrive at Link's Hotel about ten minutes apart. Here the ladies will remain in the train and the men will form in line on College Street between the L. & N. crossing and Deaderick Street, march out College to Deaderick, down Deaderick to Summer, Summer to Church, Church to Union Depot.

The procession will be headed by a battalion of mounted police. The Howell Shop Band, with its beautiful brass band, next then the first division consisting of machinists, blacksmiths, boiler makers, etc.

Then comes another silk banner, dividing the first and second divisions, followed by the second division of employees of the car department. Then another banner and the third division of painters and planing mill workers. The colored men will fall in behind this section.

The marshals of the day will be T. Walsh, Chief Marshal, E. J. Young and Pat McCue, marshals of the first division, with five assistants, A. W. Patton, marshal of the second division, with six assistants, A. J. Bruning and F. M. VanWinkle, marshals of the third division, with four assistants.

The ladies will remain in the coaches and be conveyed to the Union Depot and thence to the Exposition grounds on trains supplied by the N. C. & St. L. Road, where they will wait at the station for the arrival of the men.

Arrangements have been made at the Military Cafe to get an excellent dinner served for 25 cents, and this will be L. & N. headquarters.

Everybody will be supplied with a badge, and men, women and children will wear them. These badges will distinguish the L. & N. people, and will be worth while to wear for the special privileges and attentions they will secure that day.

### Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when introduced into the system. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is too great to be repaired.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when introduced into the system. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is too great to be repaired.

### Our Sick.

W. C. Brooks is still unable to sit up, but is somewhat improved. Jesse Jones is improving slowly. Oscar Tindler will soon be out again. Mrs. Tombs is up and going around but is not strong.

### The Woman's Friend.

"I know from my own experience that for ladies of a constipated habit there is nothing to supply the place of German Liver Powder."—Mrs. J. P. Meneses, Springfield, Ohio.  
"I have taken German Liver Powder for dyspepsia, and other liver troubles, and would not be without it."—Miss Jennie Green, Abilene, Tex.  
"Friends advised me to try German Liver Powder for long standing liver complaint. I had tried before I had taken one bottle. It did me more good than all medicine prescribed by physicians."—Mrs. John Campbell, Jeffersonville, Ind.

After an autopsy, the death at Boston, of Capt. B. J. Treacy, of Lexington, was pronounced accidental.

Educator Year Howell With Cancers. Candy Cathartic, pure constipation remedy, 10c, 25c. If C. C. Candy Cathartic, druggists refund money.

The city of Decatur, Ala., may go into the hands of receivers, being unable to meet its obligations.

### It Saves the Croupy Children.

SAVING, VA.—We have a splendid sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and our customers coming from far and near, speak of it in the highest terms. Many have said that their children would have died of croup if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given. KILLAM & O'BRIEN, Sold by St. Bernard Drug Store, Eastlington, Va.; Ben T. Robinson, Mortons Gap, Geo. King, St. Charles.

The first trial before a colored jury in Mercer county took place Tuesday. The verdict was "not guilty."

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke. To quit tobacco easily and forever, no matter how long you have used it, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Senor Sagasta, the Spanish Liberal leader, says the Cuban insurrection is spreading instead of dying out.

### To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Chamberlain's Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. If C. C. Candy Cathartic, druggists refund money.

## Story of an Abandoned Farm.

### A MARYLAND EPISODE.

An Original Story written for The Bee.

IN the old white homestead mansion of Colonial type Todd Noble's ancestors had dwelt since the settlement of the country by the whites. Standing at the foot of the slope of the wood-clad hills it commanded a view of the surrounding farms of upland and meadow for miles around, and was a landmark in the vicinity. Several generations of Noble's had maintained the family reputation for fine cattle and large crops, and when Todd assumed the management of the paternal acres after his school days were over, his one ambition was to raise more corn and pork and fatter cattle than Todd, Sr., had done. The latter with his wife and daughters had retired to the neighboring village, leaving Todd a well-stocked farm and a comfortable home, and plenty of good advice as to adhering to the good old ways of his forefathers.

Tall and straight, blue eyed and ruddy cheeked, Todd Noble was as handsome a specimen of the rustic gentry as could be produced and was a welcome guest at the fireside of festive gatherings throughout the surrounding district.

But at twenty-five he seemed in no hurry to take to himself a wife, and the old housekeeper continued to reign supreme at Meadowcroft for many a year.

Cautious and deliberate in business matters generally, when it came to wooing he allowed family feeling to govern him, and his actions to such an extent that the one young lady on whom he had set his heart, and who would no doubt have accepted him had he spoken out, after years of polite dillydallying, finally married one of his neighbors. From this time Todd seldom mingled in society, evincing a strong antipathy to his successful rival, and at the age of thirty became a confirmed old bachelor, careless in dress, shabby in equipage and indiscriminate in his selection of friends.

About this time the discreet old lady who had been for years his housekeeper and manager, in fact, almost a mother to him, was obliged to leave on account of ill health, and Todd was nearly distracted by the necessity of searching for some one to fill her place. His sisters took turn about in managing for him when he could not find any one, and when after much tribulation he would be successful, the arrangement would not last very long, and again the same worry would have to be gone through with. One great reason for this was the difficulty of keeping servants; another the independent ways and irregular hours of the master. Starting away in his carriage early in the morning for a trip to the village store, he might be back by the middle of the afternoon or not till in the evening and would brook no interference or questioning, and expected his meals to be served promptly and properly on his arrival.

In vain his sisters, when endeavoring at the house, would endeavor to impress upon him the importance of being more punctual and methodical. The gossip of the stores, or shops, or roadside encounters, always proved too strong. So for years this was the accustomed routine, except that the stay of the housekeeper became more brief, and the securing of another more difficult, and at last Todd announced that he was tired of this continual worry and intended to lock up and quit farming after the close of the current year.

As Todd was now verging on sixty years of age, his once dark locks turned white as snow, and his sturdy form grown bent, the family were delighted at his decision, and glad of the prospect of his joining them in the village home. But that summer when his housekeeper became sick during harvest time and he was making inquiry for another, an acquaintance told him he thought he knew where he could get a person to suit him and would see if she would come and, if so, bring her to make arrangements with him.

The next day they drove over and Miss Marcie Grimm was introduced. She was city-bred, had been a cashier and book-keeper in one of the large dry goods establishments, seemed ladylike and refined, and in fact far too delicate and spirituelle looking for a working housekeeper in a large farming establishment where help was scarce, incompetent and often unobtainable. However, as the applicant professed to be proficient, expressed a desire to escape from a detested, monotonous round of routine work in the city to a country life in which she delighted, and seemed to utterly ignore all hints as to the labors and lonesome life she would lead—if she could but be independent and obtain a remunerative salary—a contract was made rather unusual for the country, and saving more of mercantile life to which the lady had been accustomed. It was to the effect that she was to receive a certain sum per week for superintending the household and having all the labor performed; either doing the work herself or paying some one for doing it.

Entering at once upon her duties she soon demonstrated her capability for the situation; meals were up to time, and served, whether in the dining room or servants' hall, in a more tasteful manner; the cooking, even to the plainest food, seemed to have imparted to it a touch that made familiar dishes

peculiarities and short-comings to such members of his family as she met, and kept him in a chronic state of expectation that she might leave at any moment. In addition to her duties as housekeeper she had gradually assumed that of book-keeper and correspondent, and her readiness and reliability had been of great assistance to Todd in that way.

The casual visitors to whom she complained were nearly all relatives or intimate friends of Todd, who, while recognizing the truth of her remarks, were far from admiring the want of tact displayed in this manner of entertaining his guests, and marveled that he, even under the circumstances, submitted to her eccentricities. But capacity for work, capabilities as cook, neatness, economy and despatch in managing the affairs of the household, readiness with the pen, and preference for home staying and solitude, seemed to counterbalance the objectionable qualities. Indeed, these latter were so seldom alluded to that after a few months it became a matter of suspicion and conjecture on the part of the immediate family, who began to discuss the probability of Todd's having been caught in her toils after all. For years his sisters had been endeavoring to make a match between him and a beautiful and wealthy young lady of his acquaintance who lived near them in the village, and in teasing them both had conceived the idea that the lady, now no longer young, but several years his junior and still quite well preserved, healthy and handsome, would not be averse to him as a suitor; but Todd, when rallied on the subject, said that in the first place she would not have him if he wanted her, and secondly he never should marry. So now without once referring to Miss Grimm as a matrimonial probability, whenever he visited them, he was regaled with an account of Amy Gordon's attractions and perfections, and efforts were made to bring about an unexpected meeting with retreat on his part impossible, and often ending in his escorting her on her return to her residence.

One of his sisters had for years been an invalid, and accustomed to being somewhat humored and petted by the family generally, and she it was, who, actuated by her anxiety lest he should make what seemed to them a mesalliance and ill-assorted match, through a pre-empted notion of business necessity, frequently sung the praises of Amy Gordon, and was listened to with out-irritation but with good humored indifference.

But one day in the spring following the second advent of Miss Grimm at Meadowcroft, there was a surprise furnished to the family by Todd, when the usual bantering took place. Up in the invalid Elenor's room, the two had been discussing the demerits and drawbacks of farming, the difficulties about keeping good help, indoor and out, when Elenor said, "Todd, why in the world don't you try for Amy Gordon? There she lives in that big house all alone, has plenty of money and I believe she would accept you, and you could then live down here, put some one in the farm house and manage the farm by driving to and fro."

"Well," said Todd, "in the first place, a man must be around among his hands to drive on a farm successfully."

"That is so," interrupted Elenor, "and I guess in that way you would be on the farm more than you are now."

Todd laughed at this sally, and then glancing away in a shamefaced manner said: "Anyway, there no use talking about Miss Gordon, for I'm going to marry somebody else."

Although not entirely unprepared for what was coming, she affected surprise and asked, "What in the world do you mean?"

"Why," answered Todd, "I mean I am going to be married."

"Married! To whom?"

"I'm going to marry Miss Grimm."

"Well, of all the queer, fool things that I ever heard of," said Elenor, "that certainly takes the lead; only a short time ago you could not speak too disparagingly of her; her temper was such you thought her deranged; her lack of acquaintance with the usages of good society often mortified you when you had visitors; her immediate family with whom you had become acquainted were intensely disagreeable to you; her health was such that you wondered she could get through with the work she did, especially as her family was consumptive. I at first thought she only went there on purpose to court you, but I afterward concluded her temper had prevented it."

"No," said Todd, "if that was her purpose, she has succeeded, for I have promised to marry her, and I shall do so."

"Well," said Elenor, "it is said, 'there's no fool like an old fool,' and for a man of sixty to marry a spitfire of thirty, just because he thinks he is going to secure a permanent housekeeper, shows that such is the case. The trouble you have had about servants is nothing compared to what you will have; for in losing your working housekeeper, after she has attained her object in accepting that position."

"Her relatives and yours have never moved in the same social circle, are not congenial, and will never harmonize, as you have heretofore recognized and acknowledged. If this is irrevocable I am very sorry for you, and truly hope you will not regret it when it is an accomplished fact. You are the one to be suited; you will have to live with her, not I. But it is very late in life for a man to start out to raise a family, and as you have been farming for thirty years, and never made more than a living

when you had none but yourself, you will be likely to leave your wife, if she should outlive you, to struggle along as best she may, with a small income, and can not expect to live to see your children, if you should have any, started in life, under your supervision. I feel that it will result in your gradual alienation from your family because of the lack of congeniality; her friends are not our friends, and it is impossible to mingle the two social strata successfully, and I am afraid when too late you will discover your error."

Todd listened to this long argument and the protests of the rest of them without evincing displeasure, and combated them the best he could while adhering to his determination.

During the course of the summer but little was said in relation to the matter, by common consent, and in the autumn there was a quiet wedding to which only a few friends were invited as witnesses, and Todd Noble, who had for so long lived a bachelor life at Meadowcroft, became a Benedict.

Now it was conceded by the contracting parties that Mamma had as much to do with arranging the match as Cupid, as each was influenced somewhat by business considerations. As time rolled on Todd became aware that the predictions of his relatives had been verified, and that his expectations of having household cares off his mind were not to be realized, for failing health rendered it impossible that his wife should accomplish the labor required to be done in such an establishment.

And when a son and heir arrived, the pride felt in the ownership of a lusty boy was tinged with anxiety for the health of the frail and wan looking mother, who was for a long time hovering between life and death, and whose constitution, never robust, was found to be seriously impaired.

Tender-hearted as a woman and loyal to the core, Todd exerted himself to lighten her cares, and spent time and money in procuring such assistance as could be obtained, so that the incompatibility of the couple was neutralized by their mutual interest in the growth of the lad, and delight in his prattle and plans for his future career.

But Todd's brow contracted when he reflected that in all probability he would not live to see his son attain to manhood, or if he did he would be unable to render such advice and assistance as starting out in life as he would like. He recognized that he had made a mistake that could not be rectified, and the reflection saddened and embittered his declining years.

After struggling along in this unsatisfactory manner for two or three years, Todd announced to the family, who were joint owners in the old homestead, his determination to leave the farm because his wife did not like the lonely country life she was leading, and on account of the difficulty of procuring both indoor and outdoor laborers.

It was very evident that Todd regretted the necessity of breaking up and removing from the old place, the home of many generations of Nobles, around which clustered all the family traditions, and near which, in the country churchyard, his ancestors were buried. The brooks in which they had fished; the woods in which they had hunted; the fields and meadows where the herds of fine cattle had grazed; the ancient mansion with its broad porches, surrounded with its velvet lawn, the spreading oaks and elms where they had lived and loved; the chestnut, walnut and hickory trees so dear to his boyhood, and all the nooks and corners rich in associations connected with his childhood's days, all now seemed to have an additional attraction for him, and his heart was heavy at the thought of bidding them good bye.

But the farm was finally leased to a stranger and the customary vendue was held when the stock and farming implements were sold, and Todd removed to the city life he dreamed and engaged in a business enterprise of which he knew but little, and separated from all his old associates and friends.

As time passed on the tenants who rented the farm grew more and more worthless and neglected and the revenue gradually smaller because the land grew less productive until finally it was impossible to procure any one to occupy the premises and there was hardly sufficient income obtained to pay the taxes. In the government statistics it is ranked among the "abandoned farms," and as appears by the advertisement which revived these reminiscences in the hands of the real estate dealers for rent, sale or exchange, and will soon pass out of the name.

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## Before Retiring....

take Ayer's Pills, and you will sleep better and wake in better condition for the day's work. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal as a pleasant and effectual remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles. They are sugar-coated, and so perfectly prepared, that they cure without the annoyances experienced in the use of so many of the pills on the market. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Cathartic Pills. When other pills won't help you, Ayer's is THE PILL THAT WILL.

## Yellow Fever.

The yellow fever scare in the South has spread much more rapidly than the epidemic itself. There are many cases of fever at many places, a small proportion of which cases have been declared by experts to be yellow fever. Yesterday's dispatches reported four new cases of yellow fever in New Orleans, making fifteen in that city, while nine other suspicious cases were under investigation. There are two cases at Edwards, Miss., and three new cases at Mobile. Chattanooga has taken back her offer of a haven of refuge and is now quarantined against Southern cities. All Alabama towns are quarantined against Mobile. From Nashville south no passengers from Gulf towns are permitted to stop, or express matter to be delivered.

The State of Alabama has quarantined against New Orleans, Ocean Springs, Mobile and other infected towns. Some small towns in northern Alabama, and Mississippi have quarantined against the world and allow no man nor train of cars to enter.

Nashville does not permit passengers from New Orleans and other points along the Gulf to stop, but all are required to proceed further north.

While the prospect is not encouraging in some of the extreme Southern towns, everything is being done by government and state officials to prevent the spread of the fever.

## Robbery.

Tuesday night the store of W. R. Coyle, of this place, was entered by thieves and over fifty dollars worth of goods carried off. The entrance was effected by prising open a back shutter and bending the upright iron rod inside the window until a man could pass between them. After gaining admission the thieves carefully selected a choice lot of shoes, hats, shawls and umbrellas. A mandolin lying near by so pleased their fancy that it was promptly included in the swipe. The gentlemen next proceeded to investigate Mr. Coyle's financial standing by examining his cash drawer but Coyle, profiting by former experience, had made a "run on the treasury" the evening before and only two dollars had been left in deposit and these, included in an envelope escaped notice. Gathering up their swag, the thieves boldly opened the front door and took their departure. Mr. Coyle enjoys a rare popularity among thieves as this is the fifth time his house has been robbed in five years and as some people never know when to stop, it is likely that they will continue to cultivate his acquaintance hereafter, unless forestalled by a dose of buckshot. The Bee will publish free of charge, the obituary of any party caught in the act of burglary or arson.

## The Klondyke Gold Fields.

The Burlington Route is the direct northwest line to Seattle or Tacoma, and the direct westward line to San Francisco, en route to Alaska. From 80 to 200 miles, and several hours saved by the Burlington's splendid passenger train service to the northwest from St. Louis, Kansas City or St. Joseph. Pullman sleepers and Free Chair Cars on all through trains. Several extra steamers will sail before the season closes. Ask your ticket agent for detailed information or write the undersigned.

L. W. WAKELEY,  
General Passenger Agent,  
St. Louis, Mo.

THE BEE has just received a fine assortment of cards and other stationery and can furnish anything in the printing line on short notice in best style and at lowest prices.

## To Compound Prescriptions

properly it takes time. It requires experience and a complete knowledge of drugs. It requires the druggist to have a large amount of drug-fresh drugs. He must give the best possible work, and for compensation he must be reasonable.

WITH THE ABOVE FACTS REMEMBER WE'RE CAREFUL.

## ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE,

## JOB WORK

Will receive prompt attention at this office. Estimates furnished upon application.

**SANDY CATHARTIC**  
**Cascarets**  
CURE CONSTIPATION  
REGULATE THE LIVER  
ALL DRUGGISTS  
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED  
To cure any case of constipation, Cascarets are ideal. They are gentle, never grip or irritate, but cause no natural results. Name on box and booklet free. A. S. STELLING HENRY CO., Chicago, St. Louis, Mo., and everywhere.



# EXCHANGE ROLLER MILLS.

FRANK TUTT, PROPRIETOR,  
MADISONVILLE, KY.

Makes unsurpassed Flour, Meal, Bran, Crushed Corn, Feed Meal—every thing a first-class mill produces. The people of the county are invited to come in and be treated right. Gives on exchange as much as any mill, and guarantees satisfaction. Flour warranted to be superior quality.

Trade With Webster, McLean and Adjoining Counties Solicited

TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION—NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

The Exhibit of the  
Nashville, Chattanooga  
and St. Louis Railway

At the Terminal Station in the Centennial Grounds is one of the most interesting, instructive, and costly displays at the Exposition, and should be seen by every visitor. It consists of an artistically arranged display of Agricultural Products, Minerals, Timbers, Valuable Relics, Curiosities, etc., collected from points along the line traveled by this Road, which penetrates the most fertile and picturesque portions of the South. Trains leave the Union Depot, Nashville, every fifteen minutes for the Centennial Terminal Station. The Quickest and Best Route. Fare, Five Cents.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT!

## NEW ENTERPRISE STOVES

They are made of Southern Iron by Southern Workmen, who are satisfied by the products of Southern Farmers. They last longer and make more homes happy than any other stove on earth. Fire backs guaranteed for 15 years.

If your Dealer does not handle them, WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.



Phillips & Buttorff Mfg. Co.  
NASHVILLE, TENN.

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES.

China, Crockery and Glassware, Cutlery,

WOODEN AND WILLOWWARE.

Everything necessary and convenient

for the Kitchen, Dining Room,

Laundry and Dairy.

BICYCLES

A SPECIALTY.

Medicine

for the

MILLION.

A Popular Proprietary

Medicine Sold at Retail

for Five Cents a Package

—the first experimental

step in a direction that

may lead to a revolution

in the trade.

A New York company of manufacturing chemists, the Ripana Chemical Company,

placed upon the market about five years ago a medicinal tablet or "tablet" composed

of compressed powdered preparation of certain medicinal drugs which had been as-

certained to be of more general use among mankind than any other, for the cure or al-

leviation of such life conditions as indigestion, constipation, biliousness, headache,

weakness, etc., and for the relief of the various ailments of the digestive system.

The tablets are made of a pure, refined, and carefully selected material, and are

entirely free from any harmful or dangerous ingredients. They are made in a

special manner, and are of a size and shape which make them easy to swallow.

They are made in a special manner, and are of a size and shape which make them

easy to swallow. They are made in a special manner, and are of a size and shape

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## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XII, THIRD QUARTER, INTER-

NATIONAL SERIES, SEPT. 19.

Text of the Lesson, Acts 22, 23-25. Mem-

ory Verses, 23-24. Golden Text, Acts 22,

25. Commentary by the Rev. D. M.

Stearns.

22. "And now, behold, I go bound in the

spirit unto Jerusalem, not knowing the

things that shall befall me there." After the

upstart at Ephesus Paul went to Macedonia

and Greece, then returned through Macedonia

to Asia, and, aiming, if possible, to be at Jeru-

salem by Pentecost, he tarried a little at Miletus and

sent to Ephesus for the elders of the church to

come and see him. Our lesson is part of his

address to these elders. He reminded them that,

serving the Lord with all humility and in many

tribulations, he had both publicly and privately

taught both Jews and Greeks repentance toward God

and faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ.

23. "Says that the Holy Ghost witnesseth in every

city, saying that bonds and afflictions abide me." The

Lord had said to Ananias, "I will have him how great

things he must suffer for my name's sake" (Acts ix,

16), and he said to the apostles, "In the world ye

shall have tribulation" (John xvi, 33).

24. "But none of these things move me." He thought

of nothing but of magnifying Christ (Phil. i, 20), ready

to be bound and imprisoned, and to die for the name

of the Lord Jesus. If this God would be more

glorified (Acts xiii, 13). He was intrusted with the

gospel of God, and he fearlessly lived it and spoke

it day by day under all circumstances, not as

pleasing men, but God who trieth our hearts (1

Thess. ii, 4).

25. "And now, behold, I know that ye all, among whom

I have come preaching the kingdom of God, shall see

my face no more." The last we hear of Paul in this

book he is in Rome a prisoner, but he is preaching the

kingdom of God, and teaching those things which

concern the Lord Jesus Christ (Acts xxviii, 31). Thus

he was one with Him who had chosen him, for in Acts

i, 8, we find that our Lord Jesus during the 40 days

between His resurrection and ascension spoke of the

things pertaining to the kingdom of God.

26. "Wherefore I take you to record this day that I am

pure from the blood of all men." He said in II Cor.

vii, 2, "We have wronged no man, we have corrupted

no man, we have defrauded no man." He had sought

to live as an ambassador for Christ, in Christ's

stead, beseeching men to be reconciled to God (II

Cor. v, 20), and he had been, by the grace of God,

such a faithful witness that the blood of none to

whom he ever testified could be required at his

hands (Ezek. xliii, 7-9).

27. "For I have not shunned to declare unto you all the

counsel of God." All that Paul has on hand to pass

on to others is the grace of God, and the kingdom

of God, and the counsel of God, to gather out and

to build up the church of God, and in it all he aims

only to please God. He spoke the word faithfully

and disinterestedly not a word (Jer. xxiii, 28; xxv,

2).

28. "Feed the church of God which He hath

purchased with His own blood." There is no redemp-

tion but by the blood of Christ, by which alone we

receive the forgiveness of sins (Eph. i, 6, 7; Rev. i,

5; v, 9; Heb. ix, 22), and each one who truly

receives the Lord Jesus, trusting in His finished

work, becomes a part of the church of God, whether

he becomes part of any church on earth or not. Now,

being saved, it is the privilege of every saved one

to unite with some church of God's people called a

church, but they ought to be sure that it is a church

where their souls will be fed by the word of God,

for nothing else will truly nourish the soul (1 Pet.

ii, 2; v, 2; Job xliii, 10).

29. "For I know this, that after my departing

shall grievous wolves enter in among you, not

sparing the flock." Since the serpent slandered God

in Eden there have always been those who seek the

destruction of souls; sometimes they seem to be

simple and good, and sometimes they are not. It is

to get followers for a person or a doctrine, and they

will do anything to get them. They will say that

they have received the word of God, but they have

not received the Lord Jesus; they have received the

word of man, and not the word of God. They will

say that they have received the Lord Jesus, but

they have not received Him without truly receiv-

ing Him (Heb. vi, 4, 5, 6), and also receiving truly

received Him, and in doing so they have received

His works and wages (1 Cor. iii, 14, 15; 1 Pet.

ii, 12).

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CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic for the Week Beginning Sept. 19.

Comment by Rev. H. G. Doyle.

Topic—Bible directions for practical life.

Eph. vi, 1-9. (A memory meeting suggested.)

In this passage the apostle refers to the duties of children to their parents, and to the duties of parents to their children.

1. The duties of children to parents, verses 1-3. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of children to their parents, and to the duties of parents to their children.

2. The duties of parents to children, verses 4-9. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of parents to their children, and to the duties of children to their parents.

3. The duties of servants to masters, verses 5-7. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of servants to their masters, and to the duties of masters to their servants.

4. The duties of masters to servants, verses 8-9. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of masters to their servants, and to the duties of servants to their masters.

5. The duties of husbands to wives, verses 10-12. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of husbands to their wives, and to the duties of wives to their husbands.

6. The duties of wives to husbands, verses 13-15. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of wives to their husbands, and to the duties of husbands to their wives.

7. The duties of Christians to one another, verses 16-18. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to one another, and to the duties of one Christian to another.

8. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 19-22. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

9. The duties of Christians to God, verses 23-24. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

10. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 25-28. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

11. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 29-32. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

12. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 33-36. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

13. The duties of Christians to God, verses 37-40. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

14. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 41-44. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

15. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 45-48. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

16. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 49-52. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

17. The duties of Christians to God, verses 53-56. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

18. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 57-60. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

19. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 61-64. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

20. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 65-68. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

21. The duties of Christians to God, verses 69-72. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

22. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 73-76. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

23. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 77-80. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

24. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 81-84. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

25. The duties of Christians to God, verses 85-88. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

26. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 89-92. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

27. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 93-96. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

28. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 97-100. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

29. The duties of Christians to God, verses 101-104. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

30. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 105-108. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

31. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 109-112. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

32. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 113-116. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

33. The duties of Christians to God, verses 117-120. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

34. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 121-124. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

35. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 125-128. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

36. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 129-132. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

37. The duties of Christians to God, verses 133-136. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

38. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 137-140. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

39. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 141-144. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

40. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 145-148. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

41. The duties of Christians to God, verses 149-152. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

42. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 153-156. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

43. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 157-160. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

44. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 161-164. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

45. The duties of Christians to God, verses 165-168. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

46. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 169-172. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

47. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 173-176. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

48. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 177-180. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

49. The duties of Christians to God, verses 181-184. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

50. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 185-188. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

51. The duties of Christians to the church, verses 189-192. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the church, and to the duties of the church to Christians.

52. The duties of Christians to the world, verses 193-196. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to the world, and to the duties of the world to Christians.

53. The duties of Christians to God, verses 197-200. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to God, and to the duties of God to Christians.

54. The duties of Christians to themselves, verses 201-204. In these verses the apostle refers to the duties of Christians to themselves, and to the duties of themselves to Christians.

55.







# The Bee

PAUL M. MOORE, Editor and Manager.

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(Incorporated.)

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1897.

## Islands Owned by the United States.

(Washington Post.)

Distributed over the mid-Pacific, in the neighborhood of the equator, are quite a lot of small islands that belong to the United States. Most of them are from 1,000 to 2,000 miles to the south and south-west of Hawaii. Some of them are near the Gilbert archipelago, and there is a considerable cluster just about the lesser distance mentioned and directly south of the Hawaiian group, including America, Christmas, Palmyra and other islands of larger size.

Christmas island is about thirty-five miles long. It got its name originally from the fact that the famous Captain Cook stopped there on Christmas day for the purpose of observing an eclipse. It is an atoll, or ring, of coral formation, inclosing a lagoon of water that has become so salty through evaporation as to be a veritable brine. Fishes thrown over the reef by storms are pickled in it, and remain perfectly preserved and good to eat for months.

These isles of the Pacific belonging to Uncle Sam number sixty in all. They have all been annexed to the United States under an act of Congress, which became a law August 18, 1856. This law, which remains in force to-day, declares that whenever any citizen of the United States shall discover a deposit of guano on any island, rock or key, not within the lawful jurisdiction of any other government, he shall be at liberty to take peaceful possession thereof, and such island, rock or key may, at the discretion of the President, be considered as appertaining to the United States.

The discoverer is required to give due notice to the Department of State, with affidavits, describing the island and showing that possession of the same has been taken in the name of this country. He is obliged at the same time to give a bond, which is filed in the Treasury.

The discoverer, at the pleasure of Congress, enjoys the exclusive right to occupy his island for the purpose of obtaining guano, and for this product he is allowed to charge only a fixed price, namely, \$3 a ton for guano delivered at the ship's side, or \$4 a ton for the privilege of digging it where it lies. Furthermore, he gives guarantee by his bond to deliver the guano only to citizens of the United States and to be used in the United States.

The law also provides, curiously enough, that all offenses and crimes on such islands by persons who may land thereon, or in waters adjacent, shall be deemed as committed on the high seas, on board a merchant ship of the United States, and shall be punished accordingly. The President is authorized to use the land and naval forces of the United States to protect the rights of the discoverer or his heirs.

But Uncle Sam's ocean empire includes a great many islands of far greater importance than the guano isles referred to. In the Behring sea there are several very large islands, besides the little Pribiloff group to which the fur seals resort.

This country owns the entire chain of Aleutian islands, which separate Behring from the North Pacific. The inhabitants of these islands, called Aleuts, are particularly intelligent, much more civilized than the Eskimo, and bear a close resemblance physically to the Japanese.

Off the coast of southern Alaska is a group of islands of great size, on some of which live the Thlinket Indians. These Indians are the most artistic savages in the world, being skillful wood carvers. Off the coast of southern California is the Santa Barbara group, comprising a number of large islands.

## More Wages for Alabama Miners.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 9.—General Manager McCormack, of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, announced to-day that as soon as pig iron scores another advance of twenty-five cents a ton his company will raise the wages of its ten thousand coal miners and laborers about 9 per cent., at the rate of two and a half cents a ton of coal mined, in accordance with its sliding scale-wage contract with its miners based on price of iron. Other operators in the district employing five thousand men will take like action under the operation of the same scale.

A Long Span.  
(Louisville Times.)

With silver in the cellar and wheat high up, the oratorical D. p. occur in vain essays to give the glad hand to both. If he catches wheat he must let go of silver; if he catches silver and lets go of wheat he gets the thing laugh at. He deserves the fustian of the strawed dollar when he gets a rest.

Are you a subscriber to THE BEE? You should be.

## MAY BE VALUABLE.

### Gas Found at a Depth of Five Feet Near Uniontown.

Morganfield, Sept. 9.—(Special.)—Natural gas and oil were discovered in this county near Uniontown yesterday. Several years ago oil was struck in boring for a well. The flow was good, but as it was through salt water nothing could be done with it. Yesterday while prospecting near the old oil well which is located on the Bush coal property, J. C. Hamilton discovered petroleum and natural gas within five feet of the surface. A match was lighted and applied when the gas and oil ignited and burned steadily. Globules of oil oozed through the black sticky mud. On reaching a depth of five feet the gas burst out with such force and noise that the negro who was doing the digging became frightened and jumped out of the hole. The find is thought to be a valuable one and a company will be organized to develop it.

## EXPULSION FROM CHURCH.

### More Troubles for Commonwealth's Attorney Rowe.

Owensboro, Ky., Sept. 9.—J. E. Rowe, Commonwealth's Attorney in this judicial district and free silver nominee for re-election, has been expelled from membership in the Third Baptist church on a charge of drunkenness. Rowe is now said to be at a sanitarium in New Albany.

Circuit Judge Owen to-day appointed Chapeze Wathen Commonwealth's Attorney pro tem.

### Exciting Brush with a Kentucky Moonshiner.

(Courier-Journal.)

Deputy Collectors John Burton and McD. Ferguson tell a good story of their exciting time in Caloway county early Wednesday morning as reported yesterday. Gen. John T. Kesterson was with the revenue officers, and also a guide. They had information that an illicit distillery was being operated by a man named Bob Green, and they undertook to capture him and destroy the still, which was located on Blood creek, five miles from Pine Bluff, and in an almost inaccessible part of the country. Arriving at the place after a hard trip, the officers called on Green to surrender, but he refused and made his escape to a forest. Being pursued he opened fire, and things were very interesting for a time.

Deputy Burton led the way and the others followed, creeping on their hands and knees to a cabin where Green had taken refuge. They surrounded the cabin at close range. Green was then called upon to come out and surrender. Fearing that he would shoot, instead, the officers had taken the precaution to get behind trees.

Green's answer was a shot. He poked his rifle through the window, and aimed at the tree behind which Deputy Ferguson was sheltered. The latter returned by his hand to deliver the goods again upon fire, and things became silent.

The revenue officers waited a minute and called to him again to surrender. For answer he burst open the cabin door, and with a yell of defiance darted through the moonlight and into the woods. At the same instant the officers opened fire. None of the shots took effect. In his native forest Green had every advantage, as he was familiar with the country. He opened fire on the officers as they pursued, and they returned his fire. It was a regular battle in the wilderness on a small scale, and strange to say though the trees were plucked with bullets here and there, and limbs and leaves cut off, neither pursuers nor pursued were injured. Finally when Green had exhausted the ammunition in his repeating rifle he plunged into the underbrush, leaving the officers to follow as best they could. They finally gave up the chase and returned to the still.

Over 1,200 gallons of beer were poured into the creek, and eighty gallons of high wine were destroyed. They then set fire to the still, and watched the flames consume it. The plant destroyed was valuable, the still being made of copper, and of large capacity.

A warrant will be issued for Green. It is thought that he had assistants in operating the still.

## Humane Notes.

(Our Dumb Animals.)

On a very hot day, keep a sponge, a towel, or your handkerchief soaked with pure cold water on the top of your horse's head.

If your horse's back is sore use pure cold water on it freely every time the saddle is removed. Try it and your horse will thank you.

In hot weather drive slowly, especially up hill. Be sure your check rein is loose and your horse frequently watered.

Always kill a wounded bird or other animal as soon as you can. All suffering of any creature, just before it dies, poisons the meat.

"Open thy mouth for the dumb."  
—Prov. 31:8.

It is said that the food wasted in this country and England every day would feed all the starving millions of India.

Is it cruel to keep a horse locked up in a stable without exercise? Answer: Just as cruel as it would be to keep a boy, or girl, or man, or woman, in the same condition.

If to this is added solitary confinement without the company of other men then the cruelty is still greater.

## WARMING UP.

### Political Campaign Opening in Various States.

### Depreciated Silver the Uninspiring Base of Democratic Battle.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14.—The political campaigns in the various States are warming up—growing very warm, in fact. Parties arriving here from New York, Nebraska, Kentucky, Iowa, and Ohio report extreme activity and interest in the fight which is to be made in those States. Remarkable as it is that the silver cause should still have a life left in it, it is a fact. It is to be made the basis of the battle in every State where there are important elections this fall. One year ago one ounce of silver would buy one bushel of wheat in New York; now it takes two ounces, and silver is still falling and wheat is still rising. It would scarcely seem possible that anybody could successfully argue in favor of currency made from metal whose value has fallen over 25 per cent. in eighteen months. Yet that is a fact as to silver. On March 7th of last year it was worth 70 cents an ounce in New York, now it is 52 cents.

How it is that any party can now assume to win a battle with silver as the chief issue in States where they could not win on that issue a year ago, is hard to understand. On last Presidential election day silver was worth 65.7. Today it is worth 51 cents, a fall of over 20 per cent. If the Democrats could not carry Ohio, Kentucky, Iowa, Maryland, or New York on the silver issue in November, 1896, with their proposed dollar worth 51 cents, how can they expect to win this fall with a dollar worth only 40 cents? Yet they are going into the fight for it everywhere, though there are signs of weakening in spots.

## Republican Prospects in Ohio.

The Democrats, it seems, from reports received, are trying to run away from their platform made at a short two months since. This action, however, is not to be wondered at in view of the fact that silver has fallen 15 per cent. in value even in that short space of time. July to an ounce of silver was worth in the New York market 65.6 cents and it is now worth 52 cents and is still going down. Small wonder then that the Democrats are trying to get away from it when, within two months after its adoption, the metal which it advocates as money declines 15 per cent. It goes without saying, however, that the Republicans of the State will not let their opponents get away from the issue they have made. It also goes without saying that the Republicans will swing over to the State now that they have the enemy on the run, providing they are not over confident.

## Situation in New York.

New York City is the cozen of vantage in State contest. The fight in New York this fall relates to the mayoralty, but it is for a first mayor of the largest city in the United States and second largest city in the world, and will decide whether or not Tammany Hall shall control Greater New York. If Tammany gets control it will greatly endanger Republican prospects in the State indefinitely. Those opposed to Tammany and free silver must therefore combine on one good man. By refusing to do so they give Greater New York and probably the State over to the Tammany silver Democrats indefinitely.

## Maryland and the Anti-Germans.

There is good reason to hope that the party in Maryland will fall into line, now that the factional fight in Republican ranks is over, and with the aid of the gold Democrats and the anti-Gorman men win in the fight for the legislature. Owing to Gorman's free-silver leanings and the generally conceded opinion that he would vote for free silver in the Senate, the sound-money Democrats throughout the State are ready to again co-operate with the Republicans, as are also, of course, all the anti-Gorman men, to secure his defeat.

Generally speaking, the drift all seems to be in the direction of Republicanism. The people see that Bryan and the silverites made a deliberate effort to deceive them last year, and many of those who voted for him will have nothing further to do with silver. But the Democratic leaders are not asleep. They are conducting an active and vigilant campaign, and are out on a "still hunt" for votes whose result may surprise the Republicans, unless they are wide awake and working to arouse every man and push him enthusiastically into the fight. The tide is now all running in the right direction, but this very evidence of prospective victory is liable to lead to over-confidence on the part of some of the Republicans, and to allow dissensions to arise which will prevent a solid front against the enemy.

## Ohio Valley Extension.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 8.—Col. John McLeod, chief engineer of the Ohio Valley railroad, spent Sunday and Monday in Nashville, and has since been on a trip through the country in the direction of Clarksville, and, it is understood, is laying out a route for a proposed extension of the Ohio Valley from Gracey, Ky., to Nashville.

## Have You Noticed It?

(L. A. W. Bulletin.)  
These "summer girls," so we've been told, are, really, a deceiving lot. For some young buds have grown so old that summer girls and some are not.

## FROM THE MAGAZINES.

### "The Man who Does His Work."

(From the Century Magazine.)

This life is a strain and a struggle; We are born to a world of care; And of all the scurries and woes and worries I've had a bit more than my share. It's idle to say that it's even, And there's no such thing as chance; Though one has trouble, another has double; One scrapes for the other to dance.

And some they whine and they whimper— That's the kind that will never be missed; For honest labor there always a neighbor To lend him a helping fist. This much I have learned for my comfort: It's never worth while to shrink; Blow east, blow west, the world goes best For the man who does his work.

## Christian Endeavor.

(Scribner's Magazine, September.)

PERSONAL prejudices go down like nincipens before figures—if the latter are big enough. While no one could fail to sympathize with the motives and aims of the evangelical workers who are responsible for Christian Endeavor meetings, it is undoubtedly true that their methods are not wholly acceptable to some staid individuals who cannot bracket religion and emotion without trepidation. Yet it is doubtful if even the Salvation Army presents such a noteworthy phenomenon as the rise of this society. Some sixteen years ago Dr. Francis E. Clark, the pastor of a church in Williston Me., took advantage of a fervent "revival" to organize a Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, which was so successful that an account of it was published a few months later in two of the prominent religious papers. This was in the summer of 1881.

There are today 50,000 Christian Endeavor societies all over the world with a rapidly growing membership of over three million! Now, one may have serious doubts as to the efficacy of the "comfort bags" supplied by the Floating Society to sailors; one may even be unmoved, in the manner designed, by the detailed parallel drawn by an enthusiast between a Christian Endeavorer and a trolley car. ("The car is the Endeavorer. The wheels are his ability. . . the trolley is prayer. The fender is his helping or saving hand"—etc.); but any organization which has in fifteen years enrolled three million individuals in support of a most praiseworthy idea, which has held ten million meetings and distributed five million copies of its constitution in some forty different languages, must claim attention.

## Repentant.

(Harper's September Magazine.)

THE Drawer has received the following story concerning a reverend gentleman whose name is withheld.

The hero of the tale was regarded as one of the brightest men in the Ohio Conference, but he had one besetting sin—exaggeration. The habit had become so fixed and he carried it to such lengths, that it was not only a matter of comment among his parishioners, but among the preachers in that part of the State, and the latter determined to bring the case before the annual conference at its next session. It was customary when any personal matter affecting the preacher was discussed to request him to retire. When the accused gentleman's turn came he gracefully withdrew, and the complaint concerning his unfortunate habit was considered. Upon his return the bishop informed his errant brother that the brethren feared he was doing the cause great harm by his abnormal tendency to "draw the long-bow" and hoped he would make an effort to overcome the habit. The minister confessed his fault with humility, adding plaintively that he realized his failing, and that he had "shed barrels of tears over it."

This was too much, for even a Methodist conference, and brought down the house.

## A Mystery Solved.

(Harper's Magazine, September.)

NOT many years ago in England there was a country legal practitioner whose greatest ambition was to see his only son become a minister of the Church, and having scraped together a fair share of this world's goods, he purchased the advowson of a country parish church. In due course of time, the son, a jovial kind-hearted fellow, passed his university examination, and thereupon became entitled to sign after his name S. C. L. (i. e., Scholar of Civil Law), until the degree of B. A. was attained, which latter, however, he never took the trouble to assume. Soon after entering on his parish duties he became a universal favorite, and was in constant demand for charity sermons or addresses in various places and announcements of such were placed conspicuously around. Two

minutes one day scanned one of these posters, which informed the public that on a certain forth-

coming Sunday a sermon would be preached by the Rev. W. Greenway, S. C. L. These letters puzzled their brains for some time, each having his own idea as to their meaning, until one of them suddenly exclaimed: "I have it, Bill. I know his father well. Them letters means Son of a Country Lawyer."

## Horses for the French Army.

(Lexington Herald.)

Jewell & Patterson, dealers in horses on Thursday sold to M. Leblanc, of Paris, France, a car load of horses to be used in the French army. All of the horses were sixteen hands or over and of unusually good form and action. A peculiar requirement observed by the French Government is that all horses for use in the army must be either bay, chestnut or black, no light colored horses being admissible. All of the consignment from here were bays, which color is preferred. Mr. Jewell reports an advance in good horses, with a more active market than for several years.

## Republicans in the South.

(New York Sun, Democratic.)

At no time since the close of the civil war have the prospects of the Republican party in the South been as bright as at present, after the large defection from the Democratic party to Populism, and the increased development of manufactures in the principal States South of Mason and Dixon's line. To the student of American politics it must seem somewhat surprising that Kentucky and Maryland, two Democratic strongholds, should have Republican Governors, and that in Tennessee at the last Presidential election the Republicans should have polled 45 per cent. of the total vote in the State, while they had 36 per cent. of it in Georgia, 52 per cent. in West Virginia, and 47 per cent. in North Carolina, besides polling 167,000 votes for McKinley and Hobart in Texas, a State in which the Republican vote in 1880 was only 57,000; in 1888, 88,000, and in 1892, 81,000.

The fact is that the Republicans have been increasing rapidly in numbers and influence in all the States of the South, particularly those on the southern border, with the exception of two, South Carolina and Mississippi, in which by constitutional provision, there is a large disfranchisement of colored voters. The chief cause of this change is the growth of the Populist party, which is a white man's party, and has withdrawn many voters from the Democratic candidates without getting many recruits from Republican ranks. In no Presidential election since the close of the civil war have the Republicans polled so large an electoral vote in the Southern States as they did last year. Mr. McKinley received 12 electoral votes in Kentucky, 8 in Maryland, and 6 in West Virginia, which, with 3 in Delaware, make a total of 29 in what was formerly the solid South.

In three States—North Carolina, Virginia, and Tennessee—the contest between the Democrats and the Populists on the one hand and the Republicans on the other was very close, and the severance of friendly political relations between the Democrats and the Populists in these States make more probable than heretofore Republican success.

## A Colored Mrs. Partington.

A colored Mrs. Partington lives in Georgia, and she talks interestingly.

She is about seventy years old, and makes a great show of reading the Bible—though it is well known she cannot read a line.

The other morning she was seated on her front porch with a large family Bible open on her lap. Some one was passing and saluted her.

"Good morning, aunt Caroline." "Maw'nin', suh—maw'nin'! It's right previous weather, suh."

"Yes, rather previous." "De clouds hang so low, hit look like dey 'ere have a collegee wid de air."

"Yes, it does look so." "Well, de Lawd! take keer on us. De Bible say He distempers de wind ter de born lambs."

"Is that the Bible you're reading?" "Oh, yes, suh."

"Why—it's upside down." "Look heah, mister!" said the old woman, indignantly, "don't you 'spose I knowed it? What difference do it make? De Bible is so plain you kin des read it any way!"

## Literary Note.

The interiors of one thousand of the most attractive homes in the United States have been photographed by The Ladies Home Journal. One hundred of the best of these pictures will be reproduced in that magazine. The first article of the series—"Inside of a Hundred Homes"—will appear in the October Journal. Bed-chambers, reception and dining rooms, bathrooms, halls and apartments of every kind will be pictured just as they are in daily use. Each picture contains dozens of suggestions. Every woman is interested in taking a peep into the most attractive homes in the land, to see how they are arranged. She wants to get practical hints and new ideas for furnishing her own. The houses photographed by the Journal are those occupied by persons of moderate income. Their interior arrangements show what perfect taste can accomplish with a little money and the touch of a woman's deft fingers. Homes in every State in the Union—from Maine to California—were photographed or the Journal's unique and useful series.

Are you a subscriber to THE BEE? You should be.

## OUT OF SIGHT.

### Wheat-Silver Charts that Followed Weaver's Speech in

### WEBSTER COUNTY LAST FALL.

### Offer of Reward has Failed to Call One From His Hiding.

Dixon, Ky., Sept. 11.—The advertisement of reward offered recently in THE BEE for one of the many wheat-silver charts that were so numerous displayed in this county last fall, have failed to call forth a single chart. For some reason the silverites are not anxious to see or hear about those charts which were designed to prove the eternal relationship of wheat and silver.

During the campaign of last fall General Weaver made a speech in Webster County which was listened to by a very large number of farmers. He referred to "those Samson twins," wheat and silver, and his hearers have sworn by his arguments until advancing wheat and declining silver have knocked the wind out of them and better prices and good crops have filled their barns and made their pockets fatter.

It was shortly after his speech that these charts, bearing the picture of thermometers with wheat and silver marked alternately at equal heights in the columns, made their appearance, but with the advance of wheat and the fall in the price of silver they have all been destroyed.

Among other things Gen. Weaver said was this: "I have come from the great agricultural State of Iowa to tell you tillers of the soil how dependent upon silver is the price of your wheat, the great cereal which serves mankind, the staff of life."

He also asserted that the price of farm products could never go up under the gold standard.

A day or two ago two farmers, one a National Democrat and the other a free-silver man met at a country store not far from here and discussed politics and prices.

Mr. J. A. Justice, the gold farmer, said to Mr. John Price, the silver man, who once served in the Legislature: "Are you willing to admit yet that we can have good prices under a gold standard?" "Prices are picking up well," said Mr. Price, "and things are in good shape for farmers, except for this drought."

Mr. Justice said he had been farming in Webster county for twenty-one years. "And I never knew the time," he continued, "when we could get as much money for what we raise. Of course I want all I can get, but to be honest about it prices on some of our products are higher than they ought to be. I do not know of a thing on which we are not getting big paying prices except horses and mules. The farmers understand this and have quit talking free silver. I am satisfied that many of those who voted for Bryan last year will vote for Hindman in November. In an argument the other day I planned one silver man down until he admitted that supply and demand made wheat, hogs, cattle, tobacco, etc., go up, and then I asked him if he still thought the crime of 1873 made prices low last year while supply and demand made them high this year."

## Give Them Permits.

(San Antonio Express.)

Debs and Sovereign should be given special permits to carry pistols and shoot old Plutocracy on sight.

## Don't Run Agin Us.

(Ashland News.)

The recent earthquake that shook up Japan wasn't a marker to the shaking up that country would get if it were foolish enough to attempt to fight the United States.

A caterpillar in a month will devour 6,000 times its own weight in food.

## Reversible.

(Courier-Journal.)

The Bryan argument seems to be that when prices of farm products are down the crime of 1873 is the cause, but when they are up the explanation must be found in the law of supply and demand.

## FOR JENNY.

I'm happier than any  
Of the Klondike folks I see;  
For I'm diggin' gold for Jenny,  
An' she's bakin' bread for me.

In sunny days or rainy,  
It's never far I roam,  
For I'm diggin' gold for Jenny,  
In the valleys here at home.

An' at my toil I'm singin',  
For still her face I see;  
For I'm diggin' gold for Jenny,  
An' she's bakin' bread for me.

The gold ain't always shinin',  
But never do I repine,  
For Jenny's arms are twinin',  
An' Jennie's love is mine.

So I'm happier than any  
Of the Klondike folks I see;  
For I'm diggin' gold for Jenny,  
An' she's bakin' bread for me.

—All at Constitution.

## BETTER TIMES COMING.

Blessings that were smiling  
On the trees in spring,  
Tendently legging,  
Birds to pause and sing,  
Wait for us no longer  
With a sweet salute,  
Twigs once frail, are stronger,  
Ready to bear fruit.

Growing promise soon I find  
Not so long ere,  
When the words will be found  
Soon the land shall know,  
Hope will not be dashed,  
Though the days we're drear,  
Flowers of speech have vanished,  
But the fruit is near.

—Washington Star.

## The Klondyke Gold Fields.

The Burlington Route is the direct northwest line to Seattle or Tacoma, and the direct westward line to San Francisco, en route to Alaska. From 80 to 200 miles, and several hours saved by the Burlington's splendid passenger train service to the northwest from St. Louis, Kansas City or St. Joseph. Pullman sleepers and Free Chair Cars on all through trains. Several extra steamers will sail before the season closes. Ask your ticket agent for detailed information or write the undersigned.

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